



05 agosto  
2019

# Parliamo Italiano!

## Il Quaderno di Sandrino



### ESERCIZI DI PRONUNCIA ITALIANA

TEST YOUR PROPER ITALIAN PRONUNCIATION! CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER. IN BOCCA AL LUPO!

#1 “z” in the Italian word “zoo” is pronounced like;

a: 'ds' as in *meds*      b: 'ts' as in *pizza*      c: 'z' as in *zebra*

#2 When “ch” is followed by “i” or “e”, (as in “chiesa” or “anche”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “ch” as in *charge*      b: “c” as in *carrot*      c: “s” as in *send*      d: “sh” as in *sheep*

#3 The closest pronunciation to the “o” in the Italian word “Como” is;

a: “u” as in *much*      b: “o” as in *hot*      c: “o” as in *bore*

#4 When “s” is placed between two vowels (as in “paese”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “s” as in *summer*      b: “s” as in *fuse*      c.: the “s” is *silent*

#5 When “g” followed by “i” or “e”, (as in “genero” or “mangia”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “sh” as in *sheet*      b: “g” as in *grin*      c: “j” in *jump*

#6 “gn” (as in “bagno”) is pronounced approximately like;

a: “n” as in *Dennis*      b: “ni” as in *bunion*      c: “g” as in *gun*      d: “m” as in *make*

#7 “i” (as in “cinema”) is always pronounced like;

a: “ee” as in *sleep*      b: “i” as in *night*      c: “i” as in *hit*

#8: “a” (as in “casa”) is always pronounced like;

a: “a” as in *bat*      b. “a” as in *‘aah! That feels so good!’*      c: “a” as in *cage*

#9: When “c” is followed by “i” or “e” (as in “cinema” or “cena”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “s” as in *sink*      b: “c” as in *camp*      c: “sh” as in *shampoo*      d: “ch” as in *cheese*

#10: “gli” is approximately pronounced like;

a: “glee” as in *glee club*      b: “gli” as in *glib*      d: “lli” as in *scallion*

#11: When “sc” is followed by “i” or “e” (as in “sciare” or “scemo”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “s” as in *scent*      b: “sc” as in *scandal*      c: “sh” as in *ship*      d: none of these

#12: The closed “e” sound (as opposed to open) is used in this word:

a: “e” as in *mese*      b: “e” in *minestra*

#13: When “sch” (as in “schifo” or “pesche”) is followed by “i” or “e”, it’s pronounced like;

a: “c” as in *core*      b: “sh” as in *shift*      c: “sc” as in *scope*      d: “s” as in *sand*

#14: “u” (as in “ossobuco”) is always pronounced most similar to;

a: “u” as in *rule*      b: “o” as in *spot*      c: “u” as in *muck*      d: “u” as in *mute*

#15: When “gh” is followed by “i” or “e” (as in “ghiaccio” or “streghe”), it’s pronounced like;

a: “ch” as in *chest*      b: “j” as in *James*      c: “g” as in *game*

1-c, 2-b, 3-c, 4-b, 5-c, 6-b, 7-a, 8-b, 9-d, 10-d, 11-c, 12-a, 13-c, 14-a, 15-c